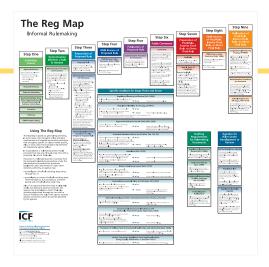


The Reg Map

The Reg Map is a chart that gives an overview of the informal rulemaking process. It includes the following sections and can be found online at

https://www.reginfo.gov/public/reginfo/Regmap/index.myjsp.



- Using the Reg Map
- Step One: Initiating Events
- Step Two: Determination Whether a Rule Is Needed
- Step Three: Preparation of Proposed Rule
- Step Four: OMB Review of Proposed Rule
- Step Five: Publication of Proposed Rule
- Step Six: Public Comments
- Step Seven: Preparation of Final Rule, Interim Final Rule, or Direct Final Rule
- Step Eight: OMB Review of Final Rule, Interim Final Rule, or Direct Final Rule
- Step Nine: Publication of Final Rule, Interim Final Rule, or Direct Final Rule
- Specific Analyses for Steps Three and Seven
- Drafting Requirements for Rulemaking Documents
- Agendas for Rules Under Development or Review
- Reg Map Credits

Free copies of the Reg Map PDF are available at https://www.icf.com/resources/solutions-and-apps/reg-map. The Reg Map was created by ICF Consulting with the cooperation of the U.S. General Services Administration's Regulatory Information Service Center. The General Services Administration (GSA) does not endorse either the products or services of ICF Consulting. GSA takes no responsibility for, and exercises no control over, the organizations represented, or the views, accuracy, copyright, or trademark compliance or legality of the material contained on the ICF website.



The Reg Map

Informal Rulemaking

Step Two

Determination Whether a Rule Is Needed

Step One

Agency Initiatives

- gency initiatives for rulemaking

OMB Prompt Letters.

Using The Reg Map

The Reg Map is based on general requirements. In some cases, more stringent or less stringent requirements are imposed by statutory provisions that are agency specific or subject matter specific. Also, in some cases more stringent requirements are imposed by agency policy.

In a typical case, a rulemaking action would proceed from step one through step nine with a proposed rule and a final rule.

However, if a rulemaking action is exempt from the proposed rulemaking procedures under the Administrative Procedure Act provisions (explained under step three) or under other statutory authority, an agency may:

- promulgate a final rule omitting steps three
- promulgate an interim final rule omitting steps three through six, but providing a comment period and a final rule after step nine.

Also, if an agency determines that a rule likely Also, it an agency usernimes use a true inexp would not generate adverse comment, the agency may promulgate a direct final rule, omitting steps three through six, but with a duty to withdraw the rule if the agency receives adverse comments within the period specified by the agency.



Step Three

Preparation of Proposed Rule

Act Provisions

When the Admissional Procedure
Act provision that are included in
Act provision that are included in
Act provision that are included in
Act at 5 LLSC, 552, agencies are
conjuncted to Justice in the Redeal
Register.

In Interpreted to Justice in the Redeal
Register.

Substantive rules of general
applicability

Substantive rules

- Act Provisions

 Under the Administrative Procedure
 Act provisions 32 (U.S. 553 r. dela
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Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

Negotiated Rulemaking

Step Four

OMB Review of Proposed Rule

Independent agencies are es from OMB review.

Step Five

Publication of Proposed Rule

Step Six

Public Comments

agency.

As required by Public Law No. 107-3 agencies must provide for submission of comments by electronic means armust make available online the comments and other materials included in the rulemaking docket under S U.S.C. 553 (c).

Executive Order 12866 established 60 days as the standard for the comment period.

Specific Analyses for Steps Three and Seven

Regulatory Planning and Review (F.O. 12866)

Would the rule have a \$100 million annual impact, raise novel issues, and/or have other significant impacts?

If yes

Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612)

Is a notice of proposed rulemaking required by law?
Would the rule "have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities"?

If yes

If yes

And yes

Note: Under limited circumstances analyses also are required for certain interpretive rules invoking internal revenue laws (5 U.S.C. 603, 604).

Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520)

Ooes the rule contain a "collection of information"
reporting, disclosure, or recordkeeping)?

If yes



oes the rulemaking process include a proposed rule? -> If yes

Soes the rule include any Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure (direct costs minus direct springs) by State in the expenditure direct cost minus direct savings by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100 million in any one year (adjusted annually).

Federalism (E.O. 13132)

Is the rule a discretionary rule that has federalism impli-cations and imposes substantial unrelimbursed direct compliance costs on State and local governments? Does the rule have federalism implications and preempt State law?



Indian Tribal Governments (E.O. 13175)

Is the rule a discretionary rule that has tribal implications and imposes substantial unreimbursed direct compliance costs on Indian tribal governments? Does the rule have tribal implications and preempt tribal law?



National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321–4347)

Does the rule constitute a major Federal action that could significantly affect the quality of the human environment?

National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (15 U.S.C. 272 note)

Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights (E.O. 12630)

Does the rule regulate private property use for the protection of public health or safety? Is the rulemaking a proposed regulatory action that has takings implications (other than regulating private property for the protection of public health and safety)?

Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks (E.O. 13045) → If yes

Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use (E.O. 13211)

Is the rulemaking action a "significant energy action"?

If yes

Step Seven

Preparation of Final Rule, Interim Final Rule, or Direct Final Rule

A final rule adds, changes, deletes, or affirms regulatory text. .

Interim Final Rule
An interim final rule adds, char
or deletes regulatory text and
contains a request for commen
The subsequent final rule may
changes to the text of the inter
final rule.

final rule.

Direct Final Rule

A direct final rule adds, changes, or deletes regulatory text at a specified future time, with a duty withdraw the rule if the agency receives adverse comments within the period specified by the agency.

Step Eight

DMB reviews only those rulemakin ictions determined to be significant."

Step Nine

Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801-808)

Major rules are subject to a delayed effective date (with certain exceptions).

Action by Congress and the President could have an impact on the rule.

Under the Administrative Procedure
Act provisions that are included as
part of the Freedom of Information
Act at 5 U.S.C. 552, agencies are
required to publish final rules, interim final rules, and direct final rules
in the Federal Register.

Federal Register Act (44 U.S.C. 1501-1511)

The Federal Register Act at 44 U.S.C. 1510 (implemented at 1 Cf 8.1) requires rules that have gener applicability and legal effect to be published in the Code of Federal Population.

Drafting Requirements for Rulemaking **Documents**

Presidential Memorandum on Plain Language (63 FR 31885)

Rulemaking documents mus comply with plain language principles

Agendas for Rules Under Development or

Unified Regulatory Agenda

Regulatory Plan

The Regulatory Flexibility Agenda provides information concerning any rule that an agency expects to prepare or promulgate that is likely to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Agency regulatory flexibility agends are published as part of the Unified Regulatory Agenda in the spring and fall of each year...



CHILDREN & FAMILIES

