# Rectangle Exercise (i.e., We're in the Money)

**Observing to Learn** 

#### The Rectangle Activity

- In 2001 and again in 2003, the U.S. Bureau of Engraving made changes to the front and back of the \$20 bill to improve its security.
- Take a sheet of paper and draw two large rectangles on it.
  - In the first rectangle, draw everything that you remember about the front of a new \$20 bill.
  - In the second rectangle, draw everything you remember about the back of a new \$20 bill.

### Compare Your Drawing to the \$20 Bill

Source: The United States Treasury Eureau of Engraving and Printing





#### Consider...

- Next to the \$1 bill, there are more \$20 bills in circulation than any other bill.
- Most ATM machines use \$20 bills to provide cash.

Yet we still don't remember many details of the \$20 bill!

#### Unfocused vs. Focused Observation

- Unfocused observation = seeing what may stand out at the moment or things that are obvious to you
- Focused observation = closely looking for specific information or evidence.

### Two Sets of Eyes

- Did it help to ask another person for help and share your drawing with them?
- Did you each remember different parts of the bill?

#### **Changes Over Time**

- How does the new \$20 bill differ from the old \$20 bill?
- Does it help you remember if I tell you what types of changes they made?
  - Colors
  - Symbols of freedom
  - President's portrait
  - -The "20"
- Is it still difficult to remember the details?





#### **Before and After**

- It is easier to see change when you have the old and the new in front of you.
- Small but important changes can be easy to miss.

Source: The United States Treasury Bureau of Engraving and Printing

THE SERIES 2001 \$20 NOTE, OBVERSE



THE SERIES 2001 \$20 NOTE, REVERSE



THE OLD TWENTY, OBVERSE



THE OLD TWENTY, REVERSE



# What if you had a classroom full of currency?

	Color- Shifting Ink	Purple Ink	Symbol of Freedom: Eagle	Shoulders Blend Into Border of Bill
\$1				
\$5				
\$10	A LEASTER			
\$20				
\$50				
\$100				

### Children: The Currency in Your Classroom

- Teachers deal with this difficulty when trying to assess children's progress.
- What lessons can we apply to assessment?
  - Focused observation works best.
  - Collaborate when collecting information (other teachers, parents, etc.).
  - Prepare to identify growth and change:
    - Write down what you observe and when.
    - Record information as soon as possible.

Next steps for today...